HIV Pre Exposure Prophlyaxis ('PrEP') in focus: What every GP needs to know.

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PrEP: The Nuts and Bolts

HIV Pre Exposure Prophylaxis ('PrEP') is an exciting, game changing development in HIV prevention. After a decade of stagnation, new HIV diagnoses are beginning to decline and GPs are at the front line of HIV biomedical prevention. PBS listed as of April 2018, PrEP involves individuals at significant risk of HIV infection taking a specific, daily antiretroviral medication (co-formulated Tenofovir 300mg and Emtricitabine 200mg) to vastly reduce their risk of acquiring HIV. Significantly more effective at preventing HIV infection than condom use alone, PrEP must be taken regularly as part of a comprehensive HIV, STI and Blood-borne virus risk reduction strategy.

GPs AT THE FRONTLINE

'Doing PrEP well' starts with a targeted, opportunistic assessment of HIV & STI risk. PrEP should be recommended for individuals at high risk of HIV acquisition and considered among those at medium risk, where 'risk' relates to current, specific factors in the past 3 months and for the next 3 months. The ASHM PrEP Decision Making Tool and PrEP Guidelines are key resources for making this assessment. HIV risk is dynamic and may change with life circumstances. Providing PrEP involves regularly reviewing tolerability, adherence and routine test results but also reviewing whether PrEP is still desired and appropriate. Before PrEP is commenced, GPs should first ensure no HIV risk exposures have occurred in the previous 72 hours that would warrant Post-Exposure Prophylaxis (Consult the 2016 ASHM PEP Guideline, HealthPathways or the NSW PEP Hotline-1800737669).

DOING PREP WELL: COUNSELLING POINTS

Over the past decade the safety and efficacy of PrEP has been well established in clinical trials and large demonstration/ implementation studies across the world. For safety (as PrEP is not adequate HIV treatment) all individuals require an HIV test at the time of commencing PrEP. Although generally well tolerated (common side effects are often short lived), nephrotoxicity can occur. Potential interactions with existing medications should also be checked. Other counselling points include the importance of daily adherence (which is strongly linked to efficacy) and that optimal protective PrEP levels take time to build up (generally 7 days for rectal tissue). PrEP will involve baseline and 3 monthly HIV & STI tests and renal function monitoring, with GPs able to prescribe at 3 monthly intervals. PrEP is contraindicated in those with significant renal impairment (eGFR←60ml/min) and where there is active hepatitis B specialist consultation is strongly advised. For those ceasing, PrEP may need to be continued for a period after the last risk exposure. See ASHM's comprehensive PrEP guidelines for further information.

Challenges and rewarding opportunities

PrEP may be the key reason an individual with a range of complex health needs presents to their GP. Some may have clear riskfactors for infection but others will hail from diverse backgrounds, beyond traditional 'at-risk' population groups. For these individuals, clinicians must seize opportunities to 'unearth' what may be undisclosed risk.

When offered as part of a comprehensive sexual health promotion and HIV/STI prevention strategy, PrEP can open the door to culturally appropriate sexual health counselling and education, regular STI checks, appropriate immunisation (viral hepatitis, HPV) and a range of other services from contraception and cervical screening to safer injecting equipment and access to mental health services. PrEP can also form platforms for broader discussions that GPs have in their everyday practice, from travel health to prevention/screening activities for cardiovascular and metabolic disease, kidney disease and bone health.

The two-page ASHM 'PrEP Decision Making Tool' is a fantastic place to quickly familiarise yourself with PrEP. For more advice and support contact the Sexual Health Info Link or speak to your local Sexual Health Service.

References & Resources

ASHM Australian HIV Pre Exposure Prophylaxis (PrEP) Clinical Guidelines (2017)

Available for download via: http://www.ashm.org.au/HIV/PrEP/ or via

http://viruseradication.com/journal-details/ Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine HIV pre-exposure prophylaxis: clinical guidelines. Update April 2018/

AFAO & ASHM: PrEP Factsheet

Available via: www.ashm.org.au/HIV/PrEP/

ASHM Decision Making in PrEP Tool:



Accessible for free download via:

https://ashm.blob.core.windows.net/ashmpublic/ ASHM DecisionMakingPrEP FA-Screen final.pdf





STI/HIV TESTING TOOL

The STI/HIV Testing Tool for GPs and other primary care clinicians has been updated.

The tool shows how to:

- Offer routine STI/HIV testing in different consultations
- Conduct a brief risk assessment (sexual history)
- Conduct routine STI/HIV testing
- · Conduct contact tracing
- Access available resources and additional support
- Order hardcopies at https://stipu.nsw.gov.au/order-resources

HEPATITIS A UPDATE

- Notifications of hepatitis A acquired in NSW have increased recently; cases have been reported in men who have sex with men (MSM)
- MSM are a high risk group for hepatitis A
- Routinely recommend vaccination to MSM
- Test patients who have symptoms of acute viral hepatitis for hepatitis A IqM
- Notify suspected cases of acute viral hepatitis to your local public health unit immediately so that timely prophylaxis for contacts can be provided

SEXUAL HEALTH SERVICES



Sydney Sexual Health Centre

www.sshc.org.au Sydney Hospital

Macquarie Street, Sydney

9382 7440

Short Street Centre St George Hospital Short Street, Kogarah

9113 2742

SouthZone Sexual Health Centre

430 The Kingsway, Caringbah

9113 2742

The Albion Centre

www.thealbioncentre.org.au

150 Albion Street, Surry Hills

9332 9600

Clinic 180

180 Victoria Street, Kings Cross

9357 1299

Health

NSW
SOVERNMENT
Local Health District

RPA Sexual Health

www.slhd.nsw.gov.au/communityhealth/sexualhealth.html

16 Marsden Street, Camperdown

9515 1200

NSW COVERNMENT | Health | Northern Sydney | Local Health District

www.clinic16.com.au

20 Herbert Street, St Leonards

9462 9500

Health
Western Sydney
Local Health District

Western Sydney Sexual Health Centre www.wslhd.health.nsw.gov.au/ Western-Sydney-Sexual-Health-Centre

Parramatta clinic: Level 1 Jeffrey House 162 Marsden Street Parramatta

9843 3124

Mount Druitt Clinic: Kelly Close Services (back of Community Health building) Kelly Close Mount Druitt

9881 1206



to nurses, doctors, counsellors and other professionals who are caring for people with sexual health problems.

STI MANAGEMENT CASE STUDIES

STI management in general practice: Key Features is an online education module that looks at how to discuss sexual practice, STI and HIV risk with an aim to increasing STI and HIV testing in practices. A wide range of case studies examine ways of approaching STI and HIV testing and treatment and promoting safe sexual practice.

STI/HIV TESTING TOOL Easy as 1-2-3

Duration: 1 hour. CPD: CPD: RACGP C2: 2pts ACCRM: 1pt.

Target audience: GPs, health professionals.

https://thinkgp.com.au/education/sti-management-general-practice-key-features

LEARN ABOUT: CONTACT TRACING

STI management in general practice: Contact Tracing is the second part of a two-part series (see above box). This module identifies opportunities to initiate a discussion with patients, provides advice and methods in relation to the STIs for which contact tracing is recommended.

Duration: 1 hour. CPD: RACGP C2: 2pts ACCRM: 1pt.

Target audience: GPs, health professionals.

https://thinkgp.com.au/education/sti-management-general-

practice-contact-tracing



NEWLY UPDATED: AUSTRALIAN STI MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES

The latest update of
Australian STI Management
Guidelines for use in
Primary Care provide
asymptomatic screening
recommendations and
management of
diagnosed STIs.

www.sti.guidelines.org.au



Invitation THE GAY FRIENDLY GP LIST

Some GPs have nominated themselves on the Gay Friendly GP list:

https://stipu.nsw.gov.au/stigma/gay-friendly-gps/

We would like to invite any interested GPs to be on this list so that we may refer gay men to GPs with particular interest in and knowledge of working with gay men.

email: elissa.magner@health.nsw.gov.au

WANT TO BE MORE GAY FRIENDLY?

Becoming more gay friendly in your practice is an online module that explores stigma and discrimination, sexual health screening, common STIs, and specific issues faced by gay men and men who have sex with men (MSM).

Duration: 1 hour **CPD:** RACGP C2: 2pts **Target Audience:** GPs, health professionals



LINK: www.stipu.nsw.gov.au/stigma/becoming-more-gay-friendly/

SUBSCRIBE

We extend an invitation to GPs, practice nurses and relevant clinicians to receive this free twice-yearly newsletter and updates on sexual health. To subscribe please email your name, job title and workplace to: **solomon.wong@health.nsw.gov.au**



PRODUCED BY

STIs in Gay Men Action Group